## - Beam Current Monitors with LT-SQUIDs

# A brief history of the CCC project at GSI

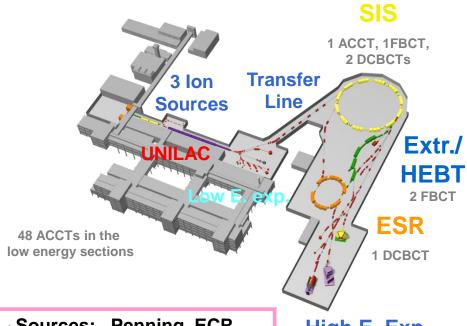
Darmstadt, Aug. 5th, 2013

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### **GSI Acc. Facilities and Intensity Monitors**



• Sources: Penning, ECR, CHORDIS, MUCIS, MEVVA,

• max. A/z: 65

• injection energy: 2.2 keV/u

• RF: 36.1/108.4 MHz

• Energy: 1.4 ... 18 MeV/u

High E. Exp.

Numerous ICs and SEMs,

2 FBCTs (1 CCC)

• Uranium :	50 1000 MeV/u
• Neon:	50 2000 MeV/u
• Protons :	4,5 GeV
<ul><li>mag. rigidity:</li></ul>	max. 18 Tm
• RF:	0.8 - 5.6 MHz
<ul><li>mag. ramp rate:</li></ul>	typ. 1.3 T/s
<ul><li>orbit length:</li></ul>	216.72 m
<ul><li>beam currents:</li></ul>	nA ~120 mA
<ul><li>multiturn injection:</li></ul>	typ. 25 turns
<ul><li>resonant / KO extraction:</li></ul>	~ .1 10 s
<ul> <li>kick extraction: single but</li> </ul>	nch whole turn

Uranium: 560 MeV/u
Neon: 830 MeV/u
mag. rigidity: max. 10 Tm
RF: 0.8 - 5.6 MHz
mag. ramp rate: typ. 1 T/s
orbit length: 108.1 m
beam currents: single particle .. ~ 10 mA
max. storage time: ~ min.

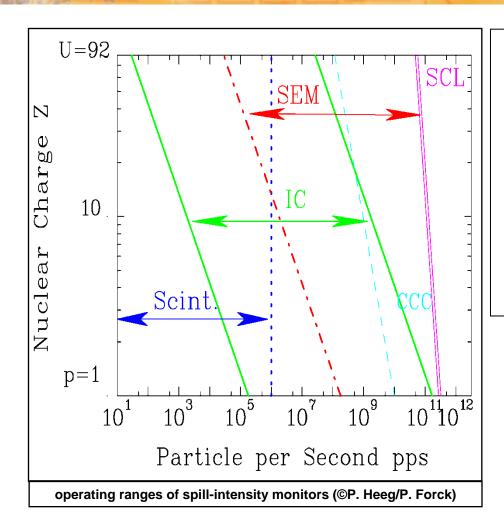
cycle duration:



0.2 ... 16 s

### Motivation



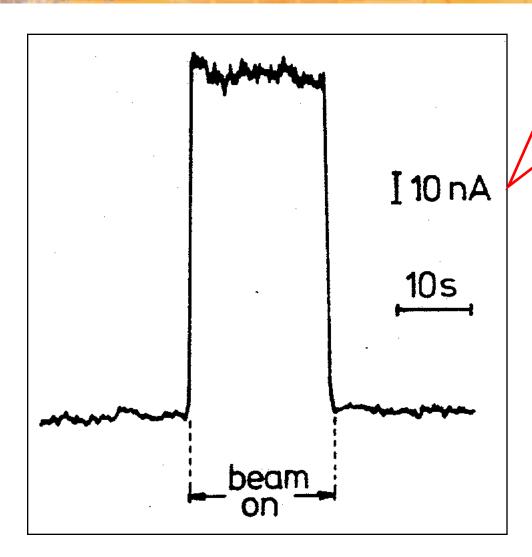


- non-destructive "online" intensity monitor
- signal bandwidth sufficient to resolve spill fluctuations
- possibly usable as a sensor for a spill servo controller
- as an absolutely-calibrated device usable to re-calibrate SEMs and ICs



## The 1st kick-off (1989, or early in 1990)





That's it! We have to explore if we can copy it.

#### Ref.:

K. Grohmann, D. Hechtfischer, J. Jakschik, H. Lübbig

"A cryodevice for induction monitoring of dc electron or ion beams with nano-ampere resolution"

in: "Superconducting quantum interference devices and their applications",

Walter de Gruyter & Co., p. 311, 1977



### The 2nd kick-off



### Kooperationsangebote aus der DDR

Bemerkenswert war das starke DDR-Interesse an deutsch-deutscher Kooperation in Forschung und Fertigung. Es nahmen Vertreter fast aller im Bereich der Sensorik/ Aktorik tätigen Betriebe und Einrichtungen der DDR am Kongreß teil. Einige Angebote zur intensiven Zusammenarbeit:

- TH Ilmenau: Bau eines linearen Zwei-Koordinaten-Gleichstromantriebs mit getriebeloser Krafterzeugung;
- Institut f
  ür Halbleiterphysik Frankfurt/O.: Entwicklung von CCD- und Quanten-Hall-Sensoren, Fotolithografie, SOI-Substrate;
- die TU Chemnitz stellte ein Inter Disziplinäres Analyse System – IDAS – für die Leistungselektronik und elektrischen Antriebe vor;
- Kombinat Mikroelektronik: Zusammenarbeit bei Mikroelektronik-Techniken und bei der Fertigung verschie-

denster Sensoren (Optoelektronik, Temperatur, Druck, Beschleunigung u. a.);

- Universität Jena: Supraleitender Quanten-Interferenzdetektor (SQUID) für magnetische Felder mit extremer Empfindlichkeit von 10 Femtotesla;
- Robotron-Elektronik Dresden: Sensorentwicklung, ASIC-Entwurf, CAD/CAM-Software und Mikroelektronik-Technologien.

Vom Zustandekommen enger Kooperationsbeziehungen zu bundesdeutschen Partnern hängt für viele DDR-Betriebe und -Einrichtungen wesentlich die Überlebensfähigkeit in der Marktwirtschaft ab.

Auf einigen technischen Gebieten sind auch gute Ansatzpunkte für eine enge deutsch-deutsche Zusammenarbeit vorhanden. The iron curtain already was open, but ...



1957-1990

... so, wait for reunification.

#### Ref.:

Elektronik Journal 17/1990 Hüthig Verlag, Heidelberg



## **Project CCC\* starts**



#### **October 3rd, 1990:**





#### In 1991:

- a He-liquification and recycling system for the FOPI exp. is installed
- CCC project leader Andreas Peters, physicist
- knowledge and expertise by Dr. Claus Riedel (thermal and mechanical calculations) and Dr. Dieter Schüll (cryogenics) now available
- investigations on commercial SQUIDs on the market (fall-back?)
- · cost estimations, funding
- first contacts with Friedrich-Schiller-University by mail, fon and FAX
- looking for students to support the project by diploma theses

#### In 1992:

- Claus H. Schroeder student; design and mfg. of cryostat
- Volker Dürr student; design and mfg. of sensor/shield assembly
- collaboration contract made with FSU -> SQUID and controller will be provided
- Dr. Wolfgang Vodel, Dr. Helmar Koch, Holger Mühlig and Ralf Neubert are now consultants, co-designers, helpers and friends
- a cage in the experimental hall near the GHe-recycling line was claimed



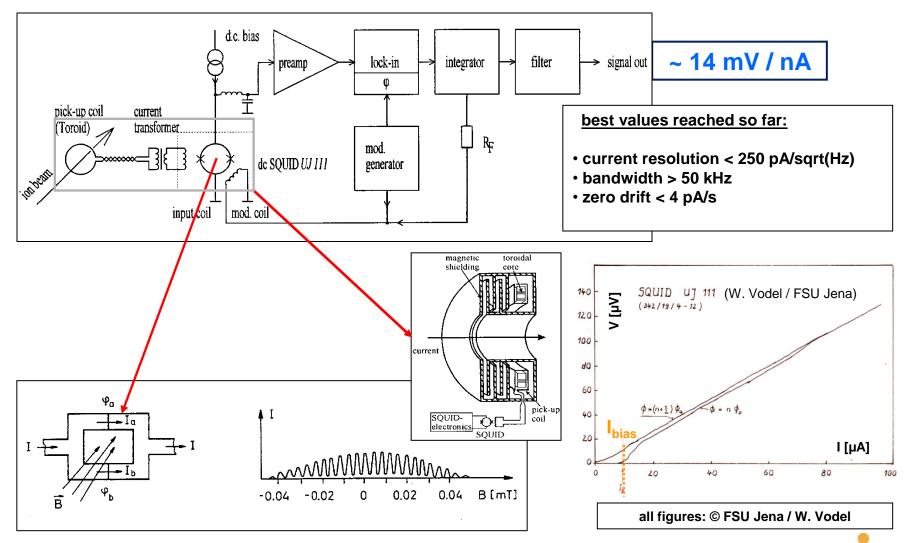
## Design Goals (A. Peters)



- Prototype for R&D has to work "offline" in our lab cage and will be later integrated into our group's test beam line HTP
- Thus accelerator vacuum can serve as isolation vacuum → "warm hole" in LHe-container necessary
- Possibility of unlimited access and total and "easy" dismantling of the cryostat and all components installed therein
- Low L-He consumption aspired (5 7 l / d) → thermal shield (Cu) cooled by refrigerator (down to 40 – 50 K)
- additional superinsulation wrapped around shield (20 30 layers) → ~ 3
  days of experiments should be possible with one fill of 100 I LHe (cooling-down and storage)
- One experimental period should have a "cycle time" (cooling down, experiments / repairs / enhancements, refilling, warming up) of 8 – 10 days only
- And last but not least: measure beam currents in the nA region!

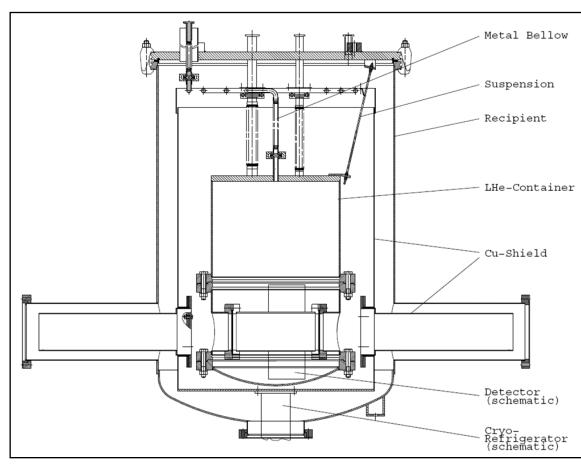


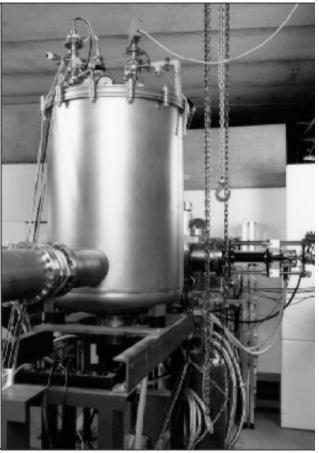
## \*CCC - a cryogenic DC flux transformer



## CCC in HTTP beamline, 1993

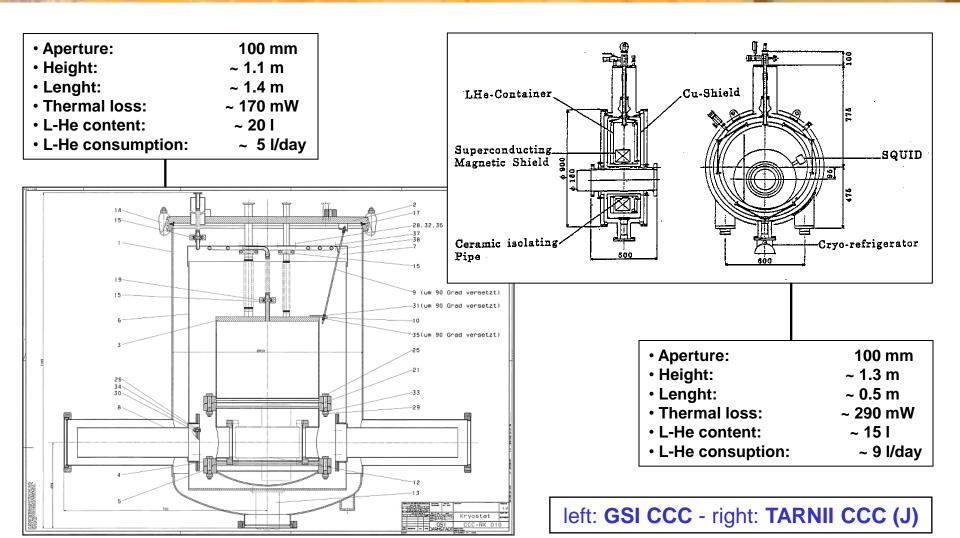




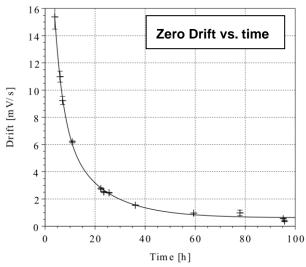


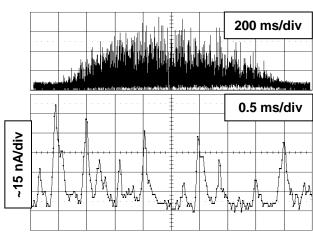


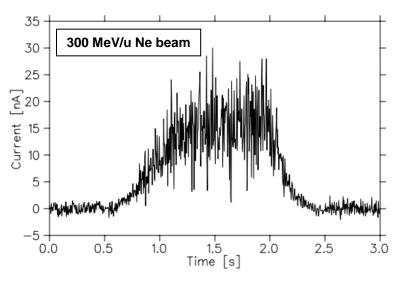
## Main parameters of CCC cryostats:

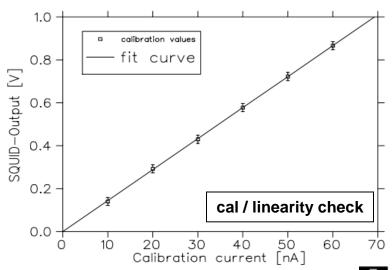














## Next Steps, 1994-98(?)





Julien Bergoz, Bergoz Instrumentation, presenting the Faraday Cup Award to Andreas Peters with Bob Hettel of SLAC looking on.  replacing the old SQUID4 and front end amp controller by SQUID
 (R. Neubert) with higher bandwidth and stability, entirely manufactured from modern (Western) components

- fixing short circuit on Nb wiring inside Pb shield
- solving different EMC problems -> differential signal transmission/ADC, optical isolation amp etc.
- comparative measurements against SEMs and ICs (sorry, no data available)
- searching sources for zero drift (no result)
- accelerometer measurements to isolate sources of low frequency noise (?)
- .
- .
- temporary shut-down; Faraday Cup Award given to A. Peters



### Re-activation since 2010



- the FAIR beamlines and the Collector Ring have to be equipped with (6-7) CCCs, now 150mm inner diameter
- a Ph. D. student (Febin Kurian) hired for the new project, re-calculated the s.c. magnetic shield and learned a lot about cryogenics
- collaborations arranged, again with the FSU Jena, and MPI-K Heidelberg (CSR)
- calculations of noise-limited current resolution by Alexander Steppke (FSU)
- s.c. magnets in the FAIR-HEBT lines abandoned, so all CCCs must have their own LHe-plant
- comprehensive investigations on ferromagnetic materials for the sensor toroid by René Geithner (FSU Jena)
- material selected, toroids produced, Nb meander shield assembly finished
- the old GSI-CCC is now refurbished as a test bench for FAIR developments
- in the meantime, a CCC is also requested for the modified LSR-CRYRING (to be commissioned soon), while MPI-K stopped the collaboration due to internal problems (-> stand-by observer)
- FSU Jena does not provide SQUID UJ111 anymore, as well as the SQUID 5 controller, so commercial products are foreseen -> a SQUID from Supracon AG (Jena) and a controller from Magnicon GmbH (Hamburg) have been purchased
- for increased signal bandwidth, the lock-in principle is abandoned in the new controller

