

Experiment Proposal: AR_2012_No5

Title		Author/Spokesperson
Test of QFW electronics with Ionisation Chamber and slow extraction		A. Reiter (1431) M. Witthaus (2447)
Summary & Aim		
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• This test is part of the R&D for FAIR: QFW electronics performance with large capacitive input load (long analogue cables between detector and QFW electronics)• Feasibility of QFW application in high-radiation environment at pBar Separator• Test can be carried out in parallel to other experiments• SIS18 beam & slow extraction.• Requested beam time: 1 shift• Recorded data: Chamber signals as function of particle number, high-voltage and QFW parameters (e. g. cable length)		
Machine parameters		
Machine	SIS18, slow extraction	
Mode	B-exp	
Exp. area	HTP	
Ion species	Any	
Beam energy	300 – 800 MeV/u, in principle any	
Spill length	200 ms – 1 s	
Particle number	10^4 – 10^9 per spill	
Repetition rate	~ 0.1 Hz or higher	
Shifts	1 shift	
Beam Time Period	Any machine experiment (B-exp) in March 2012	
Health & Safety	No concerns	
Experiment procedure		
After setup of beam at end of HTP line, the following series of data are taken:		
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ionisation chamber response as function of particle number (one beam energy)• Reference detector at HTP: HTPDI1I, HTPDI1S• Test of QFW electronics		

Experiment Setup		
Exp. area	HTP, in front of beam dump	
Description of setup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SEM-type ionisation chamber (IC) in air (+ LHC-type BLMI) • Detector position behind exit of last diagnostics chamber • Distance to beam dump: ~50-100 cm 	
Duration of setup	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mounted only during beam time 	
DAQ & Electronics Software	Long cable to Atomic Physics container, QFW & Ablass system, digital oscilloscope Standard operating software	
Trigger	Acquire full spill	
Experiment Preparation / Required support		
Estimated amount of time, manpower and equipment		
Estimates or simulations	4 h	Signal estimate A. Reiter
Mech. Workshop		Not required
Beam Line Installation	3 h	H. Graf (A. Reiter): Re-mount SEM on pneumatic actuator, rough alignment
Electronics & DAQ	2 days	Setup of electronics in DAQ container and tests (A. Reiter / M. Witthaus)
Control System Integration	done	Use existing detectors in Control System, e. g. IC: TST...74I, etc.
On-site tests		Need test VACC for Ablass readout
Modification of exp. area	No	Pneumatic actuator in place at HTP 1x RG214 cable to AP container from patch panel
Dismantling of setup	2 h	Dismount setup, store detector at HTP (A. Reiter)
Remarks & Comments		
Feed current to QFW in AP container, then forward pulses to ELR, refresh signals, readout in Ablass system. Max. rate of Walter scalers (QFW: 40 MHz)???		

OPEN ISSUES & QUESTIONS

- **Kennung an I-Kammern BLMI anbringen**
- **Reservierung Analogkabel in HTP für Test**
- **Definition der HV-Kanäle (über AP oder ELR)**
- **Module für AP: Diskriminator (Länge Puls einstellbar), evtl. Logikmodule**
- **Signale von AP nach ELR: Test mit Pulser. Was ist mit Kabel in Feld 2**
- **Aufbau QFW in AP: Bedienung der Triggerkisten in Rack 1?????**
- **QFW: Signale in LVDL-Standard – Anpassung Signalpegel ??????**
- **Verbindung PC in AP zu Ablass via X-Win32????**
- **Module für ELR: Diskriminator und Logikmodule (ggf. 2 Kanäle HTPDI5I/S nutzen)**
- **Kanäle in Ablass definieren/belegen! (Änderungen P. Kainberger und Tests AR+HR abwarten)**
- **Maximale Rate der Ablass Scaler??? Test mit Pulser und VACC 2 möglich???**